

2.—(1) The Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954 (c. 33) applies to this Order as it applies to an Act of the Assembly.

(2) In this Order—

“acquire” means hire, accept as a gift or borrow;

“air gun” means a firearm powered by compressed air or compressed gas;

“ammunition” means ammunition for any firearm except blank cartridges which are not more than 25.4 millimetres in diameter measured immediately in front of the rim or cannelure of the base of the cartridge and includes—

(a) grenades, bombs and other like missiles, whether capable of use with a firearm or not; and

(b) prohibited ammunition;

“another member State” means a member State other than the United Kingdom;

“appropriate fee” shall be construed in accordance with Article 75(2);

“armed forces” means any of the naval, military or air forces of the Crown;

“Article 7 authority” has the meaning given by Article 22(1);

“component part”, in relation to a firearm, means—

(a) any barrel, chamber or cylinder;

(b) any frame, action, body or receiver;

(c) any breech block, bolt or other mechanism for containing the pressure of discharge at the rear of the chamber;

(d) any part of a firearm which directly bears the pressure caused by firing; and

(e) any magazine;

“European firearms pass” has the meaning given by Article 19(2);

“European weapons directive” means the directive of the Council of the European Communities No. 91/477/EEC (directive on the control of the acquisition and possession of weapons);

“firearm” means a lethal barrelled weapon of any description from which any shot, bullet or other missile can be discharged and includes—

(a) any prohibited weapon, whether it is such a lethal weapon or not;

(b) any component part of such a lethal or prohibited weapon; and

(c) any accessory to any such weapon designed or adapted to diminish the noise or flash caused by firing the weapon;

“firearm certificate” means, subject to paragraph (5), a certificate granted under Article 5;

“firearms club” means a club established for the purpose of promoting and practising skill in the use of firearms (other than shotguns) and includes a cadet corps;

“firearms dealer” means a person who by way of trade or business manufactures, sells, transfers, repairs, tests or proves firearms or ammunition;

“firearms dealer's certificate” means a certificate granted under Article 26;

“handgun” means any firearm which either has a barrel less than 30 centimetres in length or is less than 60 centimetres in length overall, other than an air gun, a muzzle-loading firearm or a firearm designed as a signalling apparatus;

“holder of a firearms dealer's certificate” includes a person registered under section 33 of the Firearms Act 1968 (c. 27);

“imitation firearm” means anything which has the appearance of being a firearm, whether or not it is capable of discharging any shot, bullet or other missile;

“mental disorder” has the same meaning as in the Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (NI 4);

[F1**“the Minister of Justice”** means the Minister in charge of the Department of Justice;]

“prohibited weapon” and **“prohibited ammunition”** respectively mean a weapon and ammunition prohibited under Article 45 (including, in the case of ammunition, any missiles falling within paragraph (2)(g) of that Article);

“readable” means—

(a) visible and legible; or

(b) capable of being readily produced in a visible and legible form;

“relative”, in relation to a person, means—

(a) the father, mother, stepfather, stepmother, son, daughter, stepson, stepdaughter, grandmother, grandfather, grandson or granddaughter of that person or of that person's[F2 spouse, former spouse, civil partner or former civil partner] or

(b) the brother, sister, uncle, aunt, niece or nephew (whether of the full blood or of the half blood or by affinity) of that person or of that person's[F2 spouse, former spouse, civil partner or former civil partner],

and includes, in relation to a person who is living or has lived with another person as husband and wife[F2 or as if they were civil partners], any person who would fall within paragraph (a) or (b) if the parties were married to each other[F2 or were civil partners of each other];

“revolver” means a firearm containing a series of chambers which revolves when it is fired;

“self-loading” and “pump action”, in relation to any firearm, mean respectively that it is designed or adapted (otherwise than as mentioned in Article 45(1)(a)) so that it is automatically reloaded or that it is so designed or adapted that it is reloaded by the manual operation of the fore-end or forestock of the firearm;

“shotgun” means a smoothbore firearm with a barrel not less than 60.96 centimetres in length, not being an air gun;

“shotgun certificate” means a certificate granted in Great Britain under section 28 of the Firearms Act 1968 (c. 27) and authorising a person to possess shotguns;

“shotgun club” means a club established for the purposes of promoting and practising skill in the use of shotguns;

“slaughtering instrument” means a firearm which is specially designed or adapted for the instantaneous slaughter or killing of animals or for the instantaneous stunning of animals with a view to slaughtering them;

“statutory provision” has the meaning given by section 1(f) of the Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954 (c. 33);

“transfer” includes let on hire, give, lend and part with possession;

“visitor's firearm permit” means a permit granted under Article 15(2).

(3) For the purposes of this Order the length of the barrel of a firearm shall be measured from the muzzle to the point at which the charge is exploded on firing.

(4) For the purposes of this Order a shotgun or an air gun shall be deemed to be loaded if there is ammunition in the chamber or barrel or in any magazine or other device which is in such a position that the ammunition can be fed into the chamber or barrel by the manual or automatic operation of some part of the firearm.

(5) In this Order—

(a) any reference to a firearm certificate includes a reference to a firearm certificate and a shotgun certificate granted under the law in Great Britain and having effect in Northern Ireland by virtue of Article 17; and .

(b) any reference to a condition subject to which a firearm certificate is held includes a reference to a condition subject to which a firearm certificate or shotgun certificate is held under the law in Great Britain as that condition has effect in Northern Ireland by virtue of Article 17. .

(6) For the purpose of any reference in this Order to the use of any firearm or ammunition for a purpose not authorised by the European weapons directive, the directive shall be taken to authorise the use of a firearm or ammunition as or with a slaughtering instrument and the use of a firearm or ammunition—

(a) for sporting purposes; .

(b) for the shooting of pests, or, in the course of carrying on activities in connection with the management of any estate, of other wildlife; and .

(c) for competition purposes and target shooting (whether or not for competition purposes). .

(7) For the purposes of this Order it shall be presumed, unless the contrary is shown, that a firearm has been rendered incapable of discharging any shot, bullet or other missile, and has consequently ceased to be a firearm within the meaning of this Order, if either—

(a) it bears a mark which— .

(i) has been approved by the Department of Justice for denoting that fact, and .

(ii) has been made by a person approved by the Department of Justice for the purposes of this paragraph; and .

(b) that person has certified in writing that work has been carried out in a manner approved by the Department of Justice for rendering it incapable of discharging any shot, bullet or other missile, .

or it satisfies the requirements of section 8 of the Firearms (Amendment) Act 1988 (c. 45) (corresponding provision for Great Britain) by virtue of work carried out on or after 1st October 1995.

Grant of firearm certificate

5.—(1) If he is satisfied that the applicant can be permitted to have in his possession without danger to public safety or to the peace the firearm or ammunition in respect of which the application is made, the Chief Constable may grant a firearm certificate.

(2) The Chief Constable shall not grant a firearm certificate unless he is satisfied that the applicant—

(a) is a fit person to be entrusted with a firearm; and .

(b) has a good reason for having in his possession, or for purchasing or acquiring, each firearm and any ammunition to which the certificate relates. .

(3) Subject to Article 7, the Chief Constable shall not grant a firearm certificate to a person under the age of 18.

(4) The Chief Constable shall not grant a firearm certificate to a person who is prohibited by this Order from possessing a firearm.

(5) The Chief Constable may, if he is satisfied that it is necessary to do so, provide the holder of a firearm certificate with a duplicate certificate or an updated certificate on payment of the appropriate fee.

(6) In paragraph (5)-

“duplicate certificate” means a copy of the firearm certificate as granted; and

“updated certificate” means the firearm certificate revised up to such date as may be specified on the certificate.

Grant of firearm certificate to young persons

7.—(1) In this Article “young person” means a person under the age of 18 who has attained the age of 16.

(2) The Chief Constable may grant a firearm certificate to a young person for the acquisition and possession, but not for the purchase, of a firearm and ammunition if—

(a) each firearm to which it relates is— .

(i) an air gun to which paragraph (4) applies; .

(ii) a shotgun; or .

(iii) a .22 rimfire rifle that is to say of a calibre not exceeding 5.59 millimetres;

(b) the Chief Constable attaches a condition under Article 6(1) that the firearm and any ammunition for it to which the certificate relates are for the purpose of— .

(i) pest control; or .

(ii) the protection of livestock; .

on agricultural land occupied by the holder or on which he works and also resides and

(c) the young person has produced with his application to the Chief Constable, the permission in writing of a parent or guardian to the acquisition and possession of the firearm and ammunition to which the application relates.

(3) The Chief Constable may grant a firearm certificate to a young person for the acquisition and possession, but not for the purchase, of a firearm and ammunition if—

(a) each firearm to which it relates is— .

(i) an air gun to which paragraph (4) applies; or .

(ii) a shotgun; and .

(b) the Chief Constable attaches a condition under Article 6(1) that the holder shall have the firearm and any ammunition for it to which the certificate relates in his possession only— .

(i) for sporting purposes or for the purpose of pest control; and .

(ii) during the period until he attains the age of 18 under the supervision of a person who has attained the age of 21 and has held a firearm certificate for a firearm of that type for at least three years.

(4) This paragraph applies to an air gun which is capable of discharging a missile so that the missile has, on being discharged, a kinetic energy in excess of one joule.

Variation of firearm certificate

11.—(1) The Chief Constable may vary a firearm certificate on the application of the holder and payment of the appropriate fee (if any).

(2) If an application is made under paragraph (1) for a firearm or ammunition to be added to a firearm certificate, paragraphs (1) and (2) of Article 5 shall apply to the variation of the certificate as they apply to the grant of a certificate.

(3) If a person—

(a) sells a firearm (“the first firearm”) to the holder of a firearms dealer’s certificate (“the dealer”); and

(b) as part of the same transaction purchases from the dealer another firearm (“the second firearm”); and

(c) paragraph (4) applies,

the dealer may, on payment of the appropriate fee, vary that person’s firearm certificate by substituting the second firearm for the first firearm.

(4) This paragraph applies—

(a) if both the first firearm and the second firearm are shotguns; or

(b) if—

(i) the second firearm is of the same type and calibre as the first firearm; and

(ii) neither firearm is a prohibited weapon or a shotgun; or

(c) if—

(i) the first firearm is a rifle of a description mentioned in the first column of Schedule 1A; and

(ii) the second firearm is a rifle of a calibre specified in relation to the same Band of Schedule 1A as the calibre of the first firearm; and

(iii) neither firearm is a prohibited weapon, a muzzle-loading firearm as defined in Article 45(9) or a shotgun; and

(iv) the second firearm will not be of the same calibre as any other firearm to which the firearm certificate relates; and

(v) the firearm certificate is not held subject to a condition that the first firearm may be used only for the purposes of target shooting.

(5) If a person—

(a) sells or transfers a firearm to the holder of a firearms dealer’s certificate (“the dealer”); and

(b) does not as part of the same transaction purchase or acquire from the dealer another firearm, the dealer may, on payment of the appropriate fee (if any), vary that person’s firearm certificate by deleting that firearm.

(6) Where the holder of a firearms dealer’s certificate (“the dealer”) varies a firearm certificate under this Article, the dealer shall—

(a) notify the Chief Constable of the variation within 72 hours of the variation being made; and

(b) where the dealer receives the fee for varying the certificate, pay it to the Chief Constable.

(7) A person who fails to comply with paragraph (6)(a) shall be guilty of an offence.

(8) Schedule 1A (relevant firearms for Article 11(4)(c)) shall have effect.

(9) The Department of Justice may make regulations amending Schedule 1A if a draft of the regulations has been laid before, and approved by resolution of, the Assembly.

~~(3) If a person—~~

~~(a) sells a shotgun (“the first shotgun”) to the holder of a firearms dealer’s certificate (“the dealer”); and—~~

~~(b) as part of the same transaction purchases a shotgun (“the second shotgun”) from him,—~~

~~the dealer may vary that person’s firearm certificate by substituting the second shotgun for the first shotgun.~~

~~(4) If a person—~~

~~(a) sells a relevant firearm (“the first firearm”) to the holder of a firearms dealer’s certificate (“the dealer”); and—~~

~~(b) as part of the same transaction purchases from the dealer another relevant firearm of the same type and calibre (“the second firearm”),—~~

~~the dealer may vary that person’s firearm certificate by substituting the second firearm for the first firearm.~~

~~(5) In paragraph (4) “relevant firearm” means a firearm other than—~~

~~(a) a shotgun; or—~~

~~(b) a prohibited weapon.~~

Firearm certificate or shotgun certificate granted in Great Britain

17.—(1) The holder of a Great Britain certificate may, subject to any applicable conditions, have in his possession in Northern Ireland any firearm and ammunition to which the certificate relates ~~if—~~

~~(a) he has provided the Chief Constable with such information about that firearm and ammunition and such other information as the Chief Constable may require; and~~

~~(b) he holds a document authorising that possession issued to him by the Chief Constable.~~

~~(2) A Great Britain certificate shall not continue in force in Northern Ireland by virtue of paragraph (1) for a period longer than that for which it was granted or renewed in Great Britain.~~

~~(3) The Chief Constable may at any time require the holder of a certificate of approval to surrender it.~~

~~(4) In this Article—~~

~~“applicable conditions” means the conditions under which the Great Britain certificate is held, subject to such modifications as may be specified in the certificate of approval;~~

~~“certificate of approval” means the document issued under paragraph (1)(b);~~

~~“Great Britain certificate” means a firearm certificate or shotgun certificate granted in Great Britain;~~

~~“modifications” includes additions and omissions.~~

Air guns held without a firearm certificate in Great Britain

18.—(1) A person resident in Great Britain may, without holding a firearm certificate, have an air gun in his possession in Northern Ireland if—

(a) he may have the air gun to which paragraph (3) applies in his possession in Great Britain without a firearm certificate by virtue of section 1(3)(b) and (4)(b) of the Firearms Act 1968 (c. 27); .

(b) he has provided the Chief Constable with such information about the air gun and such other information as the Chief Constable may require; and .

(c) he holds a document (“a certificate of approval”) authorising that possession issued to him by the Chief Constable on payment of the appropriate fee.—

(2) The Chief Constable may at any time require the holder of a certificate of approval to surrender it.

(3) This paragraph applies to an air gun which is capable of discharging a missile so that the missile has, on being discharged, a kinetic energy in excess of one joule.

Grant of firearms dealer's certificate

26.—(1) The Chief Constable may grant a firearms dealer's certificate if he is satisfied that the applicant can be permitted to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to public safety or to the peace.

(2) The Chief Constable shall not grant a firearms dealer's certificate unless he is satisfied that—

(a) the applicant is a fit person to carry on business as a firearms dealer; .

(b) every place of business at which he proposes to carry on business as a firearms dealer is suitable for that purpose; and .

(c) he will engage in business as a firearms dealer to a substantial extent or as an essential part of another trade or profession. .

(3) Notwithstanding anything in paragraph (1) or (2), the Chief Constable shall grant a firearms dealer's certificate to any applicant who is authorised by the Secretary of State under Article 45 to manufacture, sell or transfer prohibited weapons or prohibited ammunition.

(4) The Chief Constable shall not grant a firearms dealer's certificate to any applicant who is subject to an order of a court in Northern Ireland made under Article 33 or an order of a court in Great Britain made under section 45 of the Firearms Act 1968 (c. 27) (consequences where dealer convicted of offence).

(5) The Chief Constable shall not grant a firearms dealer's certificate to any applicant who is prohibited by this Order from possessing a firearm.

(6) The Chief Constable shall not grant a firearms dealer's certificate to a person under the age of 18 years.

(7) The Chief Constable may, if he is satisfied that it is necessary to do so, provide the holder of a firearms dealer's certificate with a duplicate certificate or an updated certificate on payment of the appropriate fee ~~(if any)~~.

(8) In paragraph (7):-

“duplicate certificate” means a copy of the firearms dealer's certificate as granted;

“updated certificate” means the firearms dealer's certificate revised up to such date as may be specified on the certificate.

Revocation or variation of firearms dealer's certificate

29.—(1) The Chief Constable shall revoke a firearms dealer's certificate if, after giving reasonable notice to the holder, he is satisfied that the holder can no longer be permitted to continue to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to public safety or to the peace.

(2) The Chief Constable shall revoke a firearms dealer's certificate if, after giving reasonable notice to the holder, he is satisfied that the holder—

(a) is not a fit person to carry on business as a firearms dealer; .

(b) is not engaged in business as a firearms dealer to a substantial extent or as an essential part of another trade or profession; .

(c) has ceased to have a place of business in Northern Ireland; or .

(d) has failed to comply with any condition attached to the certificate. .

(3) The Chief Constable shall revoke a firearms dealer's certificate if the holder is prohibited by this Order from possessing a firearm or holding a firearms dealer's certificate.

(4) The Chief Constable may revoke a firearms dealer's certificate if the holder fails to comply with a notice under Article 27(5) (firearms dealer's certificate to be produced to Chief Constable).

(5) In the case of a person authorised by the Secretary of State under Article 45 to manufacture, sell or transfer prohibited weapons or ammunition, the Chief Constable shall not revoke a firearms dealer's certificate under paragraph (1) or (2).

(6) The Chief Constable on the application of the holder may vary a firearms dealer's certificate on payment of the appropriate fee.

FIREARMS CLUBS AND SHOTGUN CLUBS

Firearms clubs

Authorisation

49.—(1) The Chief Constable may, on payment of the appropriate fee, grant an authorisation for a firearms club if he is satisfied that it can operate without danger to public safety or to the peace.

(2) The Chief Constable may at any time by notice in writing—

(a) attach conditions to an authorisation; .

(b) vary or revoke conditions attached under this Article. .

(3) An authorisation shall, unless the Chief Constable revokes it, continue in force for a period of five years from the date on which it is granted.

(4) The Unlawful Drilling Act 1819 (c. 1) shall not have effect in relation to a firearms club if an authorisation is in force in relation to it.

(5) Any person who—

(a) operates, or participates in the activities of, a firearms club for which an authorisation is not in force; or .

(b) contravenes any condition of an authorisation, .

shall be guilty of an offence.

Revocation or variation of authorisation

50.—(1) The Chief Constable may revoke an authorisation if he is not satisfied that the club can operate without danger to public safety or to the peace.

(2) The Chief Constable may vary an authorisation on the application of an officer of the club.

(3) In this Article "authorisation" means an authorisation granted under Article 49.

Shotgun clubs

Authorisation of shotgun clubs to allow use of shotguns by minors for limited purposes

50A.—(1) If the Chief Constable is satisfied that there will not be a danger to public safety or to the peace, the Chief Constable may, on payment of the appropriate fee, grant an authorisation for a shotgun club to allow persons under the age of 16 who have attained the age of 12 to use shotguns under appropriate supervision in accordance with the authorisation.

(2) An authorisation must state that it is limited to the use of shotguns for clay target shooting or for such other purposes as may be prescribed.

(3) The Chief Constable may at any time by notice in writing —
(a) attach conditions to an authorisation;
(b) vary or revoke conditions attached under this Article.

(4) An authorisation shall continue in force for a period of five years from the date on which it is granted but if the Chief Constable is satisfied that there is a danger to public safety or to the peace, the Chief Constable may revoke the authorisation.

(5) Any person who—
(a) operates a shotgun club which allows a person under the age of 16 to use a shotgun except in accordance with an authorisation, or
(b) contravenes any condition of an authorisation,
shall be guilty of an offence.

(6) In this Article—
“appropriate supervision” means under the supervision of a person who has attained the age of 21 and has held a firearm certificate for a shotgun for at least five years;

“authorisation” means an authorisation granted under this Article;

“prescribed” means prescribed by regulations made by the Department of Justice.

(7) The Department of Justice may make regulations substituting a different age for the lower age mentioned in paragraph (1) and paragraph 11(4) of Schedule 1.

(8) The Department of Justice shall not make regulations under this Article unless a draft of the regulations has been laid before, and approved by resolution of, the Assembly.

Power of entry

51.—(1) A constable or member of the police support staff authorised in that behalf by the Chief Constable may on producing his authority if required to do so—

- (a) enter any premises occupied or used by a firearms club or a shotgun club; and .
- (b) inspect the premises and anything on them, .

for the purpose of ascertaining whether the conditions of any authorisation granted under Article 49 or 50A are being complied with.

(2) Any person who intentionally obstructs a constable or a member of the police support staff in the exercise of his powers under this Article shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) In this Article “premises” includes any place and in particular includes a range.

Regulations and orders

80.—(1) The Department of Justice may make regulations—

(a) as to the manner in which the Chief Constable is to carry out his duties under this Order; .

(b) generally for carrying this Order into effect. .

(2) The Secretary of State may, for purposes connected with national security or any function of the Secretary of State under this Order, make regulations—

(a) as to the manner in which the Chief Constable is to carry out his duties under this Order; .

(b) generally for carrying this Order into effect.

(3) Regulations under paragraph (2) may (in particular) make provision about the holding or use of information the disclosure of which may be against the interests of national security.

(4) Regulations made by the Department of Justice under paragraph (1) have effect subject to regulations made by the Secretary of State under paragraph (2).

(5) Regulations and orders made by the Department of Justice under this Order, except regulations under Article 11(9) or 50A, are subject to negative resolution.

(6) Regulations and orders made by the Secretary of State under this Order, except orders under Article 1, are subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament in like manner as a statutory instrument, and section 5 of the Statutory Instruments Act 1946 applies accordingly.

Air guns and ammunition.

9.—(1) A person may, without holding a firearm certificate, have in his possession or purchase or acquire an air gun.

(2) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply if the air gun is capable of discharging a missile so that the missile has, on being discharged, a kinetic energy in excess of one joule.

(3) A person who is under the age of 18 may not by virtue of sub-paragraph (1)—

(a) have an air gun in his possession without a firearm certificate unless he has attained the age of 14 or is under the supervision of a person who has attained the age of 21;

(b) purchase an air gun without a firearm certificate ~~unless he has attained the age of 17.~~

(4) A person may, without holding a firearm certificate, have in his possession or purchase or acquire ammunition for an air gun.

Shotguns

11.—(1) A person may, without holding a firearm certificate, borrow a shotgun from the occupier of private premises and use it on those premises in the occupier's presence.

(2) A person may, without holding a firearm certificate, use a shotgun at a time and place approved by the Chief Constable for shooting at artificial targets.

(3) Sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) do not apply in relation to a person who is under the age of 18 unless the person has attained that age of 16 and is under the supervision of a person who has attained the age of 21 and has held a firearm certificate for a shotgun for at least three years.

(4) A person who is under the age of 16 but has attained the age of 12 may, without holding a firearm certificate, use a shotgun in accordance with an authorisation under Article 50A.

SCHEDULE 1A

Relevant Firearms for Article 11(4)(c)

BAND	CALIBRE
1. Small quarry air rifles	.177 .20 .22 .25
2. Small quarry	.17 Mach 2 .17 HMR (Hornady Magnum Rimfire) .22 LR (Long Rifle) .22 WMR (Winchester Magnum Rimfire)
3. Medium quarry	.17 Hornet .17 Remington .17 Remington Fireball .22 Hornet/5.6x36Rmm .222 Remington .204 Ruger .223 Remington/5.56x45mm .220 Swift .22-250
4. Large quarry	.243 Winchester .25-06 6.5mm x 55/.256 7mm x 08 Remington .270 7.62 x 51 mm/.308 Winchester .30-06

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Schedule 5 (table of punishments)Pg 54-59

(1) Provision of this order creating offence	(2) General Nature of Offence	(3) Mode of prosecution	(4) Punishment
Article 10(3)	Failure to surrender firearm certificate, firearms or ammunition when certificate is revoked or to produce firearm certificate when partially revoked	Summary	Level 3
Article 11(7)	Failure of firearms dealer to notify Chief Constable of variation of firearm certificate	Summary	Level 3

(1) Provision of this order creating offence	(2) General Nature of Offence	(3) Mode of prosecution	(4) Punishment
Article 50A(5)(a)	Operating a shotgun club which allows unauthorised use of shotguns	(a)Summary	1 year or a fine of the statutory maximum or both
		(b)Indictment	3 years or a fine or both
Article 50A(5)(b)	Contravention of conditions of authorisation	(a)Summary	1 year or a fine of the statutory maximum or both
		(b)Indictment	3 years or a fine or both
Article 51(2)	Obstructing person inspecting firearms club or shotgun club premises	Summary	Level 3

FEES

Firearm certificate

1. Grant of firearm certificate	£98
2. Variation by Chief Constable on application of holder (except as mentioned in paragraph 3)	£30
3. Variation by Chief Constable to substitute one firearm for another of same calibre or type firearms dealer under Article 11(3) to substitute firearm	£15
4. Duplicate firearm certificate Variation by firearms dealer under Article 11(5) to delete firearm	£14 No fee
5. Duplicate certificate	£14
6. Updated certificate	£14

Museum firearms licence

75. Grant of museum firearms licence (F1 by the Department of Justice)	£110
86. Extension of museum firearms licence (F2 granted by the Department of Justice) to additional premises	£75

Visitor's firearm permit

97. Grant of visitor's firearm permit (except where paragraph 810 applies)	£16
108. Grant of six or more visitor's firearm permits (taken together) on a group application	£80

Certificate of approval for air gun for resident in Great Britain

11. Certificate of approval for air gun for resident in Great Britain	£11
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Firearms dealer's certificate

129. Grant or renewal of firearms dealer's certificate	£300
1310. Duplicate firearms dealer's certificate	£14
14. Updated certificate	£14

Firearms clubs and shotgun clubs

<u>1511. Grant or renewal of authorisation</u> <u>Authorisation of firearms club</u>	<u>E71</u>	Formatted: Left
<u>16. Authorisation of shotgun club to allow use of</u> <u>shotgun by persons 12 or over but under 16,</u> <u>except where the shotgun club is also a firearms</u> <u>club and an authorisation under Article 49 is</u> <u>granted at the same time</u>	<u>E71</u>	Formatted: Left